

1 **treatment plants and facilities; transfer of funds**
2 **and interagency cooperation.**

3 (a) The director is authorized to engage in any work and to do
4 all things necessary and proper, including promulgation of rules,
5 to implement and administer the provisions of this article.

6 (b) The director is authorized to engage in cooperative
7 projects under this article with any other agency of the United
8 States of America, any state, county or municipal agency or
9 subdivision thereof.

10 (c) The director may request the Attorney General, who is
11 hereby authorized to initiate, in addition to any other remedies
12 provided ~~for~~ in this article, in any court of competent
13 jurisdiction, an action in equity for an injunction to restrain any
14 interference with the exercise of the right to enter or to conduct
15 any work provided in this article.

16 (d) The director has the authority to construct and operate a
17 plant or any facilities for the control and treatment of water
18 pollution resulting from mine drainage. The extent of this control
19 and treatment may be dependent upon the ultimate use of the water:
20 *Provided*, That this subsection does not repeal or supersede any
21 portion of the applicable federal or state water pollution control
22 laws and no control or treatment under this section may be less
23 than that required under any applicable federal or state water

1 pollution control law. The construction of any facilities may
2 include major interceptors and other facilities appurtenant to the
3 plant.

4 (e) The director shall require reclamation sites where
5 reforestation is appropriate to be reforested with trees obtained
6 from the Clements State Tree Nursery unless the director receives
7 written certification from the state Tree Nursery that it cannot
8 supply the trees needed.

9 ~~(e)~~ (f) All departments, boards, commissions and agencies of
10 the state shall cooperate with the director by providing technical
11 expertise, personnel, equipment, materials and supplies to
12 implement and administer the provisions of this article.

13 **ARTICLE 3. SURFACE COAL MINING AND RECLAMATION ACT.**

14 **§22-3-10. Reclamation plan requirements.**

15 (a) Each reclamation plan submitted as part of a surface
16 mining permit application shall include, in the degree of detail
17 necessary to demonstrate that reclamation required by this article
18 can be accomplished, a statement of:

19 (1) The identification of the lands subject to surface mining
20 over the estimated life of these operations and the size, sequence
21 and timing of the operations for which it is anticipated that
22 individual permits for mining will be sought;

23 (2) The condition of the land to be covered by the permit

1 prior to any mining, including: (A) The uses existing at the time
2 of the application and, if the land has a history of previous
3 mining, the uses which preceded any mining; (B) the capability of
4 the land prior to any mining to support a variety of uses, giving
5 consideration to soil and foundation characteristics, topography
6 and vegetation cover and, if applicable, a soil survey prepared
7 pursuant to subdivision (15), subsection (a), section nine of this
8 article; and (C) the best information available on the productivity
9 of the land prior to mining, including appropriate classification
10 as prime farmlands and the average yield of food, fiber, forage or
11 wood products from the lands obtained under high levels of
12 management;

13 (3) The use which is proposed to be made of the land following
14 reclamation, including a discussion of the utility and capacity of
15 the reclaimed land to support a variety of alternative uses,
16 including, but not limited to, renewable and alternative energy
17 uses, residential uses, highway uses, industrial uses, commercial
18 uses, agricultural uses, public facility uses or recreational
19 facility uses, and the relationship of the use to existing land use
20 policies and plans and the comments of any owner of the surface,
21 other state agencies and local governments which would have to
22 initiate, implement, approve or authorize the proposed use of the
23 land following reclamation: Provided, That if planting trees is

1 necessary to achieve the proposed post-mining land use, a statement
2 that the trees will be obtained from the Clements State Tree
3 Nursery, unless the State Tree Nursery provides written
4 certification that it cannot supply the trees needed to satisfy the
5 post-mining land use at a competitive cost;

6 (A) The post-mining land use proposed in any reclamation plan
7 for lands proposed to be mined by surface mining methods shall
8 comport with the land use that is specified in the approved master
9 land use plan for the area as provided in section nine, article
10 two-a, chapter five-b of this code: *Provided*, That the secretary
11 may approve an alternative post-mining land use where the applicant
12 demonstrates that:

13 (i) The proposed post-mining land use is a higher and better
14 use than the land use specified in the approved master land use
15 plan;

16 (ii) Site-specific conditions make attainment of a post-mining
17 land use which comports with the land use that is specified in the
18 approved master land use plan for the area impractical; or

19 (iii) The post-mining land use specified in the approved
20 master land use plan would substantially interfere with the future
21 extraction of a mineable coal bed, as that term is defined in rules
22 promulgated by the Tax Commissioner relating to the valuation of
23 active or reserve coal property for ad valorem property tax

1 purposes, 110 C.S.R. 1I-3 or a successor rule, from the land to be
2 mined.

3 (B) Existing permits with approved reclamation plans may be
4 modified by the operator through an appropriate permit revision to
5 include a post-mining land use which comports with the land use
6 that is specified in the approved master land use plan for the area
7 as provided in section nine, article two-a, chapter five-b of this
8 code;

9 (C) By complying with a master land use plan that has been
10 approved in accordance with article two-a, chapter five-b of this
11 code, a post-mining land use satisfies the requirements for an
12 alternative post-mining land use and satisfies the variance
13 requirements set forth in subsection (c), section thirteen, article
14 three, chapter twenty-two of this code if applicable to the
15 proposed use;

16 (4) A detailed description of how the proposed post-mining
17 land use is to be achieved and the necessary support activities
18 which may be needed to achieve the proposed land use;

19 (5) The engineering techniques proposed to be used in mining
20 and reclamation and a description of the major equipment; a plan
21 for the control of surface water drainage and of water
22 accumulation; a plan, where appropriate, for backfilling, soil
23 stabilization and compacting, grading, revegetation and a plan for

1 soil reconstruction, replacement and stabilization pursuant to the
2 performance standards in subdivision (7), subsection (b), section
3 thirteen of this article for those food, forage and forest lands
4 identified therein; and a statement as to how the operator plans to
5 comply with each of the applicable requirements set out in section
6 thirteen or fourteen of this article;

7 (6) A detailed estimated timetable for the accomplishment of
8 each major step in the reclamation plan;

9 (7) The consideration which has been given to conducting
10 surface mining operations in a manner consistent with surface owner
11 plans and applicable state and local land use plans and programs;

12 (8) The steps to be taken to comply with applicable air and
13 water quality laws and rules and any applicable health and safety
14 standards;

15 (9) The consideration which has been given to developing the
16 reclamation plan in a manner consistent with local physical
17 environmental and climatological conditions;

18 (10) All lands, interests in lands or options on the interests
19 held by the applicant or pending bids on interests in lands by the
20 applicant, which lands are contiguous to the area to be covered by
21 the permit;

22 (11) A detailed description of the measures to be taken during
23 the surface mining and reclamation process to assure the protection

1 of:

2 (A) The quality of surface and groundwater systems, both on
3 and off site, from adverse effects of the surface mining operation;

4 (B) The rights of present users to the water; and

5 (C) The quantity of surface and groundwater systems, both on
6 and off site, from adverse effects of the surface mining operation
7 or to provide alternative sources of water where the protection of
8 quantity cannot be assured;

9 (12) The results of tests borings which the applicant has made
10 at the area to be covered by the permit or other equivalent
11 information and data in a form satisfactory to the director,
12 including the location of subsurface water and an analysis of the
13 chemical properties, including acid-forming properties of the
14 mineral and overburden: *Provided*, That information which pertains
15 only to the analysis of the chemical and physical properties of the
16 coal, except information regarding the mineral or elemental
17 contents which are potentially toxic in the environment, shall be
18 kept confidential and not made a matter of public record;

19 (13) The consideration which has been given to maximize the
20 utilization and conservation of the solid fuel resource being
21 recovered so that re-affecting the land in the future can be
22 minimized; and

23 (14) Any other requirements as the director may prescribe by

1 rule.

2 (b) A reclamation plan pending approval as of the effective
3 date of this section may be amended by the operator to provide for
4 a post-mining land use that comports with a master land use plan
5 that has been approved in accordance with article two-a, chapter
6 five-b of this code.

7 (c) The reclamation plan shall be available to the public for
8 review except for those portions thereof specifically exempted in
9 subsection (a) of this section.

10 (d) The amendments to this section by the first extraordinary
11 session of the Legislature in 2009 are effective upon the approval
12 of the corresponding amendments to West Virginia's state program,
13 as that term is defined in the federal Surface Mining Control and
14 Reclamation Act of 1977, 30 U.S.C. §1291, by the federal Office of
15 Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement.

16 **§22-3-13. General environmental protection performance standards**
17 **for surface mining; variances.**

18 (a) Any permit issued by the director pursuant to this article
19 to conduct surface mining operations shall require that the surface
20 mining operations meet all applicable performance standards of this
21 article and other requirements set forth in legislative rules
22 proposed by the director.

23 (b) The following general performance standards are applicable

1 to all surface mines and require the operation, at a minimum to:

2 (1) Maximize the utilization and conservation of the solid
3 fuel resource being recovered to minimize re-affecting the land in
4 the future through surface mining;

5 (2) Restore the land affected to a condition capable of
6 supporting the uses which it was capable of supporting prior to any
7 mining, or higher or better uses of which there is reasonable
8 likelihood so long as the use or uses do not present any actual or
9 probable hazard to public health or safety or pose any actual or
10 probable threat of water diminution or pollution and the permit
11 applicants' declared proposed land use following reclamation is not
12 considered to be impractical or unreasonable, inconsistent with
13 applicable land use policies and plans, involves unreasonable delay
14 in implementation or is violative of federal, state or local law;

15 (3) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, with
16 respect to all surface mines, backfill, compact where advisable to
17 ensure stability or to prevent leaching of toxic materials, and
18 grade in order to restore the approximate original contour:
19 *Provided*, That in surface mining which is carried out at the same
20 location over a substantial period of time where the operation
21 transects the coal deposit, and the thickness of the coal deposits
22 relative to the volume of the overburden is large and where the
23 operator demonstrates that the overburden and other spoil and waste

1 materials at a particular point in the permit area or otherwise
2 available from the entire permit area is insufficient, giving due
3 consideration to volumetric expansion, to restore the approximate
4 original contour, the operator, at a minimum, shall backfill, grade
5 and compact, where advisable, using all available overburden and
6 other spoil and waste materials to attain the lowest practicable
7 grade, but not more than the angle of repose, to provide adequate
8 drainage and to cover all acid-forming and other toxic materials,
9 in order to achieve an ecologically sound land use compatible with
10 the surrounding region: *Provided, however,* That in surface mining
11 where the volume of overburden is large relative to the thickness
12 of the coal deposit and where the operator demonstrates that due to
13 volumetric expansion the amount of overburden and other spoil and
14 waste materials removed in the course of the mining operation is
15 more than sufficient to restore the approximate original contour,
16 the operator shall, after restoring the approximate contour,
17 backfill, grade and compact, where advisable, the excess overburden
18 and other spoil and waste materials to attain the lowest grade, but
19 not more than the angle of repose, and to cover all acid-forming
20 and other toxic materials, in order to achieve an ecologically
21 sound land use compatible with the surrounding region and, the
22 overburden or spoil shall be shaped and graded in a way as to
23 prevent slides, erosion and water pollution and revegetated in

1 accordance with the requirements of this article: *Provided*
2 *further*, That the director shall propose rules for legislative
3 approval in accordance with article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of
4 this code, governing variances to the requirements for return to
5 approximate original contour or highwall elimination and where
6 adequate material is not available from surface mining operations
7 permitted after the effective date of this article for: (A)
8 Underground mining operations existing prior to August 3, 1977; or
9 (B) for areas upon which surface mining prior to July 1, 1977,
10 created highwalls;

11 (4) Stabilize and protect all surface areas, including spoil
12 piles, affected by the surface mining operation to effectively
13 control erosion and attendant air and water pollution;

14 (5) Remove the topsoil from the land in a separate layer,
15 replace it on the backfill area, or if not utilized immediately,
16 segregate it in a separate pile from other spoil and, when the
17 topsoil is not replaced on a backfill area within a time short
18 enough to avoid deterioration of the topsoil, maintain a successful
19 vegetative cover by quick growing plants or by other similar means
20 in order to protect topsoil from wind and water erosion and keep it
21 free of any contamination by other acid or toxic material:
22 *Provided*, That if topsoil is of insufficient quantity or of poor
23 quality for sustaining vegetation, or if other strata can be shown

1 to be more suitable for vegetation requirements, then the operator
2 shall remove, segregate and preserve in a like manner any other
3 strata which is best able to support vegetation;

4 (6) Restore the topsoil or the best available subsoil which is
5 best able to support vegetation;

6 (7) Ensure that all prime farmlands are mined and reclaimed in
7 accordance with the specifications for soil removal, storage,
8 replacement and reconstruction established by the United States
9 secretary of agriculture and the soil conservation service
10 pertaining thereto. The operator, at a minimum, shall: (A)
11 Segregate the A horizon of the natural soil, except where it can be
12 shown that other available soil materials will create a final soil
13 having a greater productive capacity, and if not utilized
14 immediately, stockpile this material separately from other spoil,
15 and provide needed protection from wind and water erosion or
16 contamination by other acid or toxic material; (B) segregate the B
17 horizon of the natural soil, or underlying C horizons or other
18 strata, or a combination of the horizons or other strata that are
19 shown to be both texturally and chemically suitable for plant
20 growth and that can be shown to be equally or more favorable for
21 plant growth than the B horizon, in sufficient quantities to create
22 in the regraded final soil a root zone of comparable depth and
23 quality to that which existed in the natural soil, and if not

1 utilized immediately, stockpile this material separately from other
2 spoil and provide needed protection from wind and water erosion or
3 contamination by other acid or toxic material; (C) replace and
4 regrade the root zone material described in paragraph (B) of this
5 subdivision, with proper compaction and uniform depth over the
6 regraded spoil material; and (D) redistribute and grade in a
7 uniform manner the surface soil horizon described in paragraph (A)
8 of this subdivision;

9 (8) Create, if authorized in the approved surface mining and
10 reclamation plan and permit, permanent impoundments of water on
11 mining sites as part of reclamation activities in accordance with
12 rules promulgated by the director;

13 (9) Where augering is the method of recovery, seal all auger
14 holes with an impervious and noncombustible material in order to
15 prevent drainage except where the director determines that the
16 resulting impoundment of water in the auger holes may create a
17 hazard to the environment or the public welfare and safety:
18 *Provided*, That the director may prohibit augering if necessary to
19 maximize the utilization, recoverability or conservation of the
20 mineral resources or to protect against adverse water quality
21 impacts;

22 (10) Minimize the disturbances to the prevailing hydrologic
23 balance at the mine site and in associated off-site areas and to

1 the quality and quantity of water in surface and groundwater
2 systems both during and after surface mining operations and during
3 reclamation by: (A) Avoiding acid or other toxic mine drainage by
4 such measures as, but not limited to: (i) Preventing or removing
5 water from contact with toxic producing deposits; (ii) treating
6 drainage to reduce toxic content which adversely affects downstream
7 water upon being released to water courses; and (iii) casing,
8 sealing or otherwise managing boreholes, shafts and wells and keep
9 acid or other toxic drainage from entering ground and surface
10 waters; (B) conducting surface mining operations so as to prevent
11 to the extent possible, using the best technology currently
12 available, additional contributions of suspended solids to
13 streamflow or runoff outside the permit area, but in no event may
14 contributions be in excess of requirements set by applicable state
15 or federal law; (C) constructing an approved drainage system
16 pursuant to paragraph (B) of this subdivision, prior to
17 commencement of surface mining operations, the system to be
18 certified by a person approved by the director to be constructed as
19 designed and as approved in the reclamation plan; (D) avoiding
20 channel deepening or enlargement in operations requiring the
21 discharge of water from mines; (E) unless otherwise authorized by
22 the director, cleaning out and removing temporary or large settling
23 ponds or other siltation structures after disturbed areas are

1 revegetated and stabilized, and depositing the silt and debris at
2 a site and in a manner approved by the director; (F) restoring
3 recharge capacity of the mined area to approximate premining
4 conditions; and (G) any other actions prescribed by the director;

5 (11) With respect to surface disposal of mine wastes,
6 tailings, coal processing wastes and other wastes in areas other
7 than the mine working excavations, stabilize all waste piles in
8 designated areas through construction in compacted layers,
9 including the use of noncombustible and impervious materials if
10 necessary, and assure the final contour of the waste pile will be
11 compatible with natural surroundings and that the site will be
12 stabilized and revegetated according to the provisions of this
13 article;

14 (12) Design, locate, construct, operate, maintain, enlarge,
15 modify and remove or abandon, in accordance with standards and
16 criteria developed pursuant to subsection (f) of this section, all
17 existing and new coal mine waste piles consisting of mine wastes,
18 tailings, coal processing wastes or other liquid and solid wastes,
19 and used either temporarily or permanently as dams or embankments;

20 (13) Refrain from surface mining within five hundred feet of
21 any active and abandoned underground mines in order to prevent
22 breakthroughs and to protect health or safety of miners: *Provided,*
23 That the director shall permit an operator to mine near, through or

1 partially through an abandoned underground mine or closer to an
2 active underground mine if: (A) The nature, timing and sequencing
3 of the approximate coincidence of specific surface mine activities
4 with specific underground mine activities are coordinated jointly
5 by the operators involved and approved by the director; and (B) the
6 operations will result in improved resource recovery, abatement of
7 water pollution or elimination of hazards to the health and safety
8 of the public: *Provided, however,* That any breakthrough which does
9 occur shall be sealed;

10 (14) Ensure that all debris, acid-forming materials, toxic
11 materials or materials constituting a fire hazard are treated or
12 buried and compacted, or otherwise disposed of in a manner designed
13 to prevent contamination of ground or surface waters, and that
14 contingency plans are developed to prevent sustained combustion:
15 *Provided,* That the operator shall remove or bury all metal, lumber,
16 equipment and other debris resulting from the operation before
17 grading release;

18 (15) Ensure that explosives are used only in accordance with
19 existing state and federal law and the rules promulgated by the
20 director, which shall include provisions to:

21 (A) Maintain for a period of at least three years and make
22 available for public inspection, upon written request, a log
23 detailing the location of the blasts, the pattern and depth of the

1 drill holes, the amount of explosives used per hole and the order
2 and length of delay in the blasts; and

3 (B) Require that all blasting operations be conducted by
4 persons certified by the office of explosives and blasting.

5 (16) Ensure that all reclamation efforts proceed in an
6 environmentally sound manner and as contemporaneously as
7 practicable with the surface mining operations. Time limits shall
8 be established by the director requiring backfilling, grading and
9 planting to be kept current: *Provided*, That where surface mining
10 operations and underground mining operations are proposed on the
11 same area, which operations must be conducted under separate
12 permits, the director may grant a variance from the requirement
13 that reclamation efforts proceed as contemporaneously as
14 practicable to permit underground mining operations prior to
15 reclamation:

16 (A) If the director finds in writing that:

17 (i) The applicant has presented, as part of the permit
18 application, specific, feasible plans for the proposed underground
19 mining operations;

20 (ii) The proposed underground mining operations are necessary
21 or desirable to assure maximum practical recovery of the mineral
22 resource and will avoid multiple disturbance of the surface;

23 (iii) The applicant has satisfactorily demonstrated that the

1 plan for the underground mining operations conforms to requirements
2 for underground mining in the jurisdiction and that permits
3 necessary for the underground mining operations have been issued by
4 the appropriate authority;

5 (iv) The areas proposed for the variance have been shown by
6 the applicant to be necessary for the implementing of the proposed
7 underground mining operations;

8 (v) No substantial adverse environmental damage, either on-
9 site or off-site, will result from the delay in completion of
10 reclamation as required by this article; and

11 (vi) Provisions for the off-site storage of spoil will comply
12 with subdivision (22), subsection (b) of this section;

13 (B) If the director has promulgated specific rules to govern
14 the granting of the variances in accordance with the provisions of
15 this subparagraph and has imposed any additional requirements as
16 the director considers necessary;

17 (C) If variances granted under the provisions of this
18 paragraph are reviewed by the director not more than three years
19 from the date of issuance of the permit: *Provided*, That the
20 underground mining permit shall terminate if the underground
21 operations have not commenced within three years of the date the
22 permit was issued, unless extended as set forth in subdivision (3),
23 section eight of this article; and

1 (D) If liability under the bond filed by the applicant with
2 the director pursuant to subsection (b), section eleven of this
3 article is for the duration of the underground mining operations
4 and until the requirements of subsection (g), section eleven and
5 section twenty-three of this article have been fully complied with;

6 (17) Ensure that the construction, maintenance and post-mining
7 conditions of access and haul roads into and across the site of
8 operations will control or prevent erosion and siltation, pollution
9 of water, damage to fish or wildlife or their habitat, or public or
10 private property: *Provided*, That access roads constructed for and
11 used to provide infrequent service to surface facilities, such as
12 ventilators or monitoring devices, are exempt from specific
13 construction criteria provided adequate stabilization to control
14 erosion is achieved through alternative measures;

15 (18) Refrain from the construction of roads or other access
16 ways up a stream bed or drainage channel or in proximity to the
17 channel so as to significantly alter the normal flow of water;

18 (19) Establish on the regraded areas, and all other lands
19 affected, a diverse, effective and permanent vegetative cover of
20 the same seasonal variety native to the area of land to be affected
21 or of a fruit, grape or berry producing variety suitable for human
22 consumption and capable of self-regeneration and plant succession
23 at least equal in extent of cover to the natural vegetation of the

1 area, except that introduced species may be used in the
2 revegetation process where desirable or when necessary to achieve
3 the approved post-mining land use plan;

4 (20) Assume the responsibility for successful revegetation, as
5 required by subdivision (19) of this subsection, for a period of
6 not less than five growing seasons, as defined by the director,
7 after the last year of augmented seeding, fertilizing, irrigation
8 or other work in order to assure compliance with subdivision (19)
9 of this subsection: *Provided*, That when the director issues a
10 written finding approving a long-term agricultural post-mining land
11 use as a part of the mining and reclamation plan, the director may
12 grant exception to the provisions of subdivision (19) of this
13 subsection: *Provided, however*, That when the director approves an
14 agricultural post-mining land use, the applicable five growing
15 seasons of responsibility for revegetation begins on the date of
16 initial planting for the agricultural post-mining land use;

17 On lands eligible for remining assume the responsibility for
18 successful revegetation, as required by subdivision (19) of this
19 subsection, for a period of not less than two growing seasons, as
20 defined by the director after the last year of augmented seeding,
21 fertilizing, irrigation or other work in order to assure compliance
22 with subdivision (19) of this subsection;

23 (21) Protect off-site areas from slides or damage occurring

1 during surface mining operations and not deposit spoil material or
2 locate any part of the operations or waste accumulations outside
3 the permit area: *Provided*, That spoil material may be placed
4 outside the permit area, if approved by the director after a
5 finding that environmental benefits will result from the placing of
6 spoil material outside the permit area;

7 (22) Place all excess spoil material resulting from surface-
8 mining activities in a manner that: (A) Spoil is transported and
9 placed in a controlled manner in position for concurrent compaction
10 and in a way as to assure mass stability and to prevent mass
11 movement; (B) the areas of disposal are within the bonded permit
12 areas and all organic matter is removed immediately prior to spoil
13 placements; (C) appropriate surface and internal drainage system or
14 diversion ditches are used to prevent spoil erosion and movement;
15 (D) the disposal area does not contain springs, natural water
16 courses or wet weather seeps, unless lateral drains are constructed
17 from the wet areas to the main under drains in a manner that
18 filtration of the water into the spoil pile will be prevented; (E)
19 if placed on a slope, the spoil is placed upon the most moderate
20 slope among those upon which, in the judgment of the director, the
21 spoil could be placed in compliance with all the requirements of
22 this article, and is placed, where possible, upon, or above, a
23 natural terrace, bench or berm, if placement provides additional

1 stability and prevents mass movement; (F) where the toe of the
2 spoil rests on a downslope, a rock toe buttress, of sufficient size
3 to prevent mass movement, is constructed; (G) the final
4 configuration is compatible with the natural drainage pattern and
5 surroundings and suitable for intended uses; (H) the design of the
6 spoil disposal area is certified by a qualified registered
7 professional engineer in conformance with professional standards;
8 and (I) all other provisions of this article are met: *Provided,*
9 That where the excess spoil material consists of at least eighty
10 percent, by volume, sandstone, limestone or other rocks that do not
11 slake in water and will not degrade to soil material, the director
12 may approve alternate methods for disposal of excess spoil
13 material, including fill placement by dumping in a single lift, on
14 a site specific basis: *Provided, however,* That the services of a
15 qualified registered professional engineer experienced in the
16 design and construction of earth and rockfill embankment are
17 utilized: *Provided further,* That the approval may not be
18 unreasonably withheld if the site is suitable;

19 (23) Meet any other criteria necessary to achieve reclamation
20 in accordance with the purposes of this article, taking into
21 consideration the physical, climatological and other
22 characteristics of the site;

23 (24) To the extent possible, using the best technology

1 currently available, minimize disturbances and adverse impacts of
2 the operation on fish, wildlife and related environmental values,
3 and achieve enhancement of these resources where practicable; and

4 (25) Retain a natural barrier to inhibit slides and erosion on
5 permit areas where outcrop barriers are required: *Provided*, That
6 constructed barriers may be allowed where: (A) Natural barriers do
7 not provide adequate stability; (B) natural barriers would result
8 in potential future water quality deterioration; and (C) natural
9 barriers would conflict with the goal of maximum utilization of the
10 mineral resource: *Provided*, however, That at a minimum, the
11 constructed barrier shall be of sufficient width and height to
12 provide adequate stability and the stability factor shall equal or
13 exceed that of the natural outcrop barrier: *Provided further*, That
14 where water quality is paramount, the constructed barrier shall be
15 composed of impervious material with controlled discharge points.

16 (c) (1) The director may prescribe procedures pursuant to
17 which he or she may permit surface mining operations for the
18 purposes set forth in subdivision (3) of this subsection.

19 (2) Where an applicant meets the requirements of subdivisions
20 (3) and (4) of this subsection, a permit without regard to the
21 requirement to restore to approximate original contour set forth in
22 subsection (b) or (d) of this section may be granted for the
23 surface mining of coal where the mining operation will remove an

1 entire coal seam or seams running through the upper fraction of a
2 mountain, ridge or hill, except as provided in subparagraph (A),
3 subdivision (4) of this subsection, by removing all of the
4 overburden and creating a level plateau or a gently rolling contour
5 with no highwalls remaining, and capable of supporting post-mining
6 uses in accordance with the requirements of this subsection.

7 (3) In cases where an industrial, commercial, agricultural,
8 commercial forestry, residential, or public facility including
9 recreational uses is proposed for the post-mining use of the
10 affected land, the director may grant a permit for a surface mining
11 operation of the nature described in subdivision (2) of this
12 subsection where: (A) The proposed post-mining land use is
13 determined to constitute an equal or better use of the affected
14 land, as compared with premining use; (B) the applicant presents
15 specific plans for the proposed post-mining land use and
16 appropriate assurances that the use will be: (i) Compatible with
17 adjacent land uses; (ii) practicable with respect to achieving the
18 proposed use; (iii) obtainable according to data regarding expected
19 need and market; (iv) supported by commitments from public agencies
20 where appropriate; (v) practicable with respect to private
21 financial capability for completion of the proposed use; (vi)
22 planned pursuant to a schedule attached to the reclamation plan so
23 as to integrate the mining operation and reclamation with the post-

1 mining land use; ~~and~~ (vii) designed by a person approved by the
2 director in conformance with standards established to assure the
3 stability, drainage and configuration necessary for the intended
4 use of the site; and (viii) if planting trees is necessary to
5 achieve the proposed post-mining land use, a statement that the
6 trees will be obtained from the Clements State Tree Nursery, unless
7 the State Tree Nursery provides written certification that it
8 cannot supply the trees needed to satisfy the post-mining land use
9 at a competitive cost; (C) the proposed use would be compatible with
10 adjacent land uses, and existing state and local land use plans and
11 programs; (D) the director provides the county commission of the
12 county in which the land is located and any state or federal agency
13 which the director, in his or her discretion, determines to have an
14 interest in the proposed use, an opportunity of not more than sixty
15 days to review and comment on the proposed use; and (E) all other
16 requirements of this article will be met.

17 (4) In granting any permit pursuant to this subsection, the
18 director shall require that: (A) A natural barrier be retained to
19 inhibit slides and erosion on permit areas where outcrop barriers
20 are required: *Provided*, That constructed barriers may be allowed
21 where: (i) Natural barriers do not provide adequate stability;
22 (ii) natural barriers would result in potential future water
23 quality deterioration; and (iii) natural barriers would conflict

1 with the goal of maximum utilization of the mineral resource:
2 *Provided, however, That, at a minimum, the constructed barrier*
3 *shall be sufficient in width and height to provide adequate*
4 *stability and the stability factor shall equal or exceed that of*
5 *the natural outcrop barrier: Provided further, That where water*
6 *quality is paramount, the constructed barrier shall be composed of*
7 *impervious material with controlled discharge points; (B) the*
8 *reclaimed area is stable; (C) the resulting plateau or rolling*
9 *contour drains inward from the outslopes except at specific points;*
10 *(D) no damage will be done to natural watercourses; (E) spoil will*
11 *be placed on the mountaintop bench as is necessary to achieve the*
12 *planned post-mining land use: And provided further, That all*
13 *excess spoil material not retained on the mountaintop shall be*
14 *placed in accordance with the provisions of subdivision (22),*
15 *subsection (b) of this section; and (F) ensure stability of the*
16 *spoil retained on the mountaintop and meet the other requirements*
17 *of this article.*

18 (5) All permits granted under the provisions of this
19 subsection shall be reviewed not more than three years from the
20 date of issuance of the permit; unless the applicant affirmatively
21 demonstrates that the proposed development is proceeding in
22 accordance with the terms of the approved schedule and reclamation
23 plan.

1 (d) In addition to those general performance standards
2 required by this section, when surface mining occurs on slopes of
3 twenty degrees or greater, or on lesser slopes as may be defined by
4 rule after consideration of soil and climate, no debris, abandoned
5 or disabled equipment, spoil material or waste mineral matter will
6 be placed on the natural downslope below the initial bench or
7 mining cut: *Provided*, That soil or spoil material from the initial
8 cut of earth in a new surface mining operation may be placed on a
9 limited specified area of the downslope below the initial cut if
10 the permittee can establish to the satisfaction of the director
11 that the soil or spoil will not slide and that the other
12 requirements of this section can still be met.

13 (e) The director may propose rules for legislative approval in
14 accordance with article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code,
15 that permit variances from the approximate original contour
16 requirements of this section: *Provided*, That the watershed control
17 of the area is improved: *Provided, however*, That complete
18 backfilling with spoil material is required to completely cover the
19 highwall, which material will maintain stability following mining
20 and reclamation.

21 (f) The director shall propose rules for legislative approval
22 in accordance with article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this
23 code, for the design, location, construction, maintenance,

1 operation, enlargement, modification, removal and abandonment of
2 new and existing coal mine waste piles. In addition to engineering
3 and other technical specifications, the standards and criteria
4 developed pursuant to this subsection shall include provisions for
5 review and approval of plans and specifications prior to
6 construction, enlargement, modification, removal or abandonment;
7 performance of periodic inspections during construction; issuance
8 of certificates of approval upon completion of construction;
9 performance of periodic safety inspections; and issuance of notices
10 and orders for required remedial or maintenance work or affirmative
11 action: *Provided*, That whenever the director finds that any coal
12 processing waste pile constitutes an imminent danger to human life,
13 he or she may, in addition to all other remedies and without the
14 necessity of obtaining the permission of any person prior or
15 present who operated or operates a pile or the landowners involved,
16 enter upon the premises where any coal processing waste pile exists
17 and may take or order to be taken any remedial action that may be
18 necessary or expedient to secure the coal processing waste pile and
19 to abate the conditions which cause the danger to human life:
20 *Provided, however*, That the cost reasonably incurred in any
21 remedial action taken by the director under this subsection may be
22 paid for initially by funds appropriated to the division for these
23 purposes, and the sums expended shall be recovered from any

1 responsible operator or landowner, individually or jointly, by suit
2 initiated by the Attorney General at the request of the director.
3 For purposes of this subsection "operates" or "operated" means to
4 enter upon a coal processing waste pile, or part of a coal
5 processing waste pile, for the purpose of disposing, depositing,
6 dumping coal processing wastes on the pile or removing coal
7 processing waste from the pile, or to employ a coal processing
8 waste pile for retarding the flow of or for the impoundment of
9 water.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to require certain reclamation for post-mining land use to utilize the Clements State Tree Nursery.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from the present law, and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.